

Longevity Leaders Conference

February 4, 2019

Forward Looking Statements

The matters discussed in this presentation include forward looking statements which are subject to various risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated. Such risks and uncertainties include but are not limited to the success of AgeX Therapeutics and its affiliates in developing new stem cell-based products and technologies; results of clinical trials of such products; the ability of AgeX and its licensees to obtain additional FDA and foreign regulatory approval to market products; competition from products manufactured and sold or being developed by other companies; the price of and demand for such products; the ability of AgeX and its subsidiaries to maintain patent and other intellectual property rights; and the ability of AgeX to raise the capital needed to finance its current and planned operations. Any statements that are not historical fact (including, but not limited to statements that contain words such as "will," "believes," "plans," "anticipates," "expects," "estimates") should also be considered to be forward-looking statements. As actual results may differ materially from the results anticipated in these forward-looking statements they should be evaluated together with the many uncertainties that affect the business of AgeX and its other subsidiaries, particularly those mentioned in the cautionary statements found in AgeX's Securities and Exchange Commission filings. AgeX disclaims any intent or obligation to update these forward-looking statements.



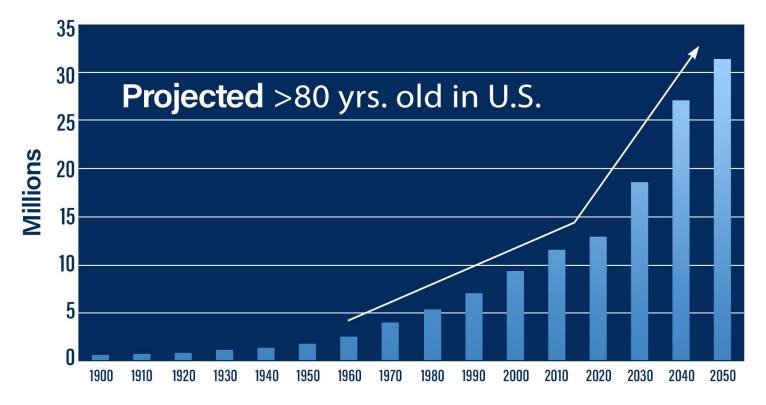
Mission

AgeX Therapeutics is focused on the development of young cell-based regenerative therapies for the treatment of human aging.



The Target Market

Aging and chronic degenerative disease

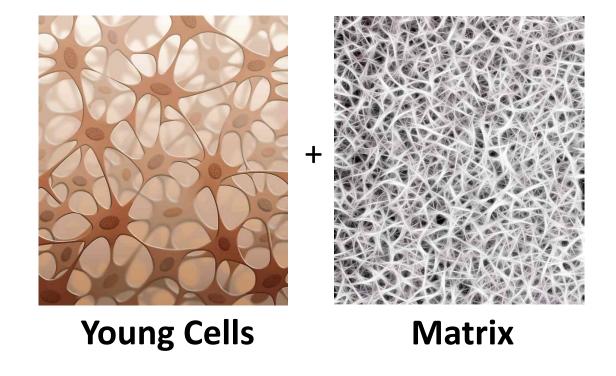


- 80% of \$2.5T health care costs associated with chronic disease.
- 80% of elderly have at least one chronic disease, 68% have two or more.



The Ideal Technology Platform

- Young replacement cells of all kinds
- Cells capable of regeneration
- A path to an off-the-shelf product
- An injectable mix of cells/matrix to regenerate 3-D tissue



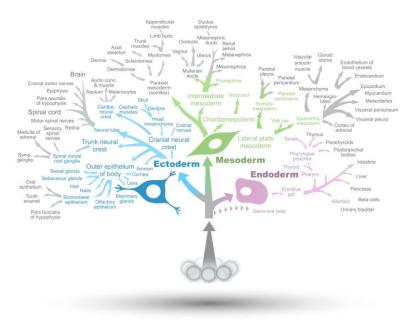
Regenerative
Medicine
For Age-Related
Degenerative
Disease



The Ideal Technology Platform

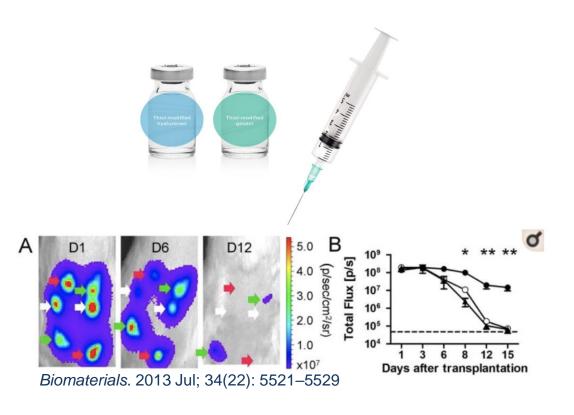
Twin Technologies: Cells & Matrix

Pluripotent Cell-Based Therapeutics



- Pluripotent Stem Cells (PSCs) allow the manufacture of all young human cell types on an industrial scale
- Engineered for allogeneic use
- Our cells are government (NIH) approved

HyStem® Matrix Delivery





History of the Biotechnology Revolutions

Recombinant DNA Technology



- 1974 Gene cloning technology developed
- 1976 Moratorium on rDNA research initiated led to established guidelines on rDNA research
- 1989 First \$B product EPO
- Today, products from the use of rDNA technology are ubiquitous
- >140 clinical trials
- Current Global Market \$75 B

Monoclonal Antibodies



- 1975 Hybridoma technology developed
- 1997- First \$B Product Rituximab
- Advances in Mab Engineering
- Today, eight of the 20 bestselling biotechnology drugs in therapeutic monoclonal antibodies
- > 200 clinical trials
- Current Global Market \$44 B

Regenerative Medicine



- 1998 First Pluripotent Stem Cells isolated
- 2001 U.S. Federal funding restriction (reversed in 2009)
- 2010 1st hES Clinical trial
- Future 1st \$B product



Numerous Products Performing Well in Trials

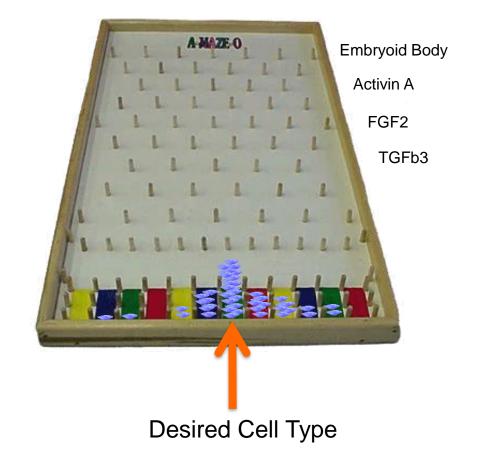
- Retinal Pigment Epithelial cells (OpRegen) Agerelated macular degeneration (BioTime Phase II)
- Oligodendrocyte Progenitor Cells (OPC1) Spinal cord injury (Asterias Phase II)
- Dendritic cells (VAC2) Cancer immunotherapy (Asterias/CRUK Phase I)



Pluripotency – The Competitive Edge

The >1000-fold complexity of cell types derived from hPS cells leads to unique challenges:

- How manufacture with cGMP?
- How produce allogeneic product?
- Identity Lot-to-lot variability in composition
- Purity Contamination with unknown cell types





cGMP Manufacture



Cell Stem Cell Correspondence

The Generation of Six Clinical-Grade Human Embryonic Stem Cell Lines

Jeremy Micah Crook,^{1,3,*} Teija Tuulikki Peura,² Lucy Kravets,¹ Alexis Gina Bosman,² Jeremy James Buzzard,¹ Rachel Horne,¹ Hannes Hentze,¹ Norris Ray Dunn,^{1,3} Robert Zweigerdt,^{1,3} Florence Chua,¹ Alan Upshall,¹ and Alan Colman^{1,3}

First publication describing the derivation of clinical-grade GMP hES cell lines

- Comprehensive, multiple stage donor consent
- FDA approved, GMP human fibroblast feeder cell line
- Six karyotypically normal hES cell lines successfully derived
- Screened for panel of adventitious agents
- NIH Registered



¹ES Cell International Pte Ltd., Singapore 138667

²Sydney IVF, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia

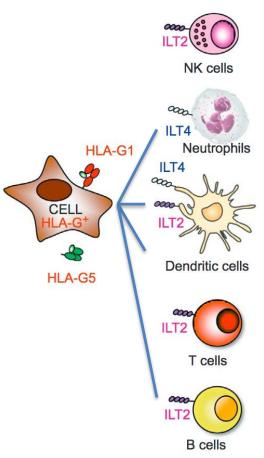
³Present address: Institute of Medical Biology, Singapore Stem Cell Consortium, Singapore 138648.

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DOI 10.1016/j.stem.2007.10.004

UniverCyteTM: HLA-G for Allogeneic Immunotolerance

- It appears that the primary role of HLA-G is to suppress maternal immune response to pregnancies.
- Appears to disarm multiple arms of immune system



- Inhibition of cytotoxicity
- Inhibition of IFN-γ secretion
- Inhibition of MICA/NKG2D activation
- Inhibition of chemotaxis
- Inhibition of reactive oxygen species production and phagocytosis

Induction of tolerogenic DC

Inhibition of maturation

- MHCII presentation pathway
- → Costimulatory molecules and IL12 secretion
- Induction of anergic and suppressor T cells
- · Inhibition of NK cell activation
- Inhibition of proliferation
- Inhibition of cytolysis
- Induction of Tregs
- Induction of Th2-type cytokine
- · Inhibition of chemotaxis
- Inhibition of proliferation, cytotoxicity, and IFN-γ secretion of γδT cells
- Inhibition of proliferation, Ig secretion, and chemotaxis

Adv. Immunol. (2015) 127:33-144



Value of the UniverCyte Pluripotent Platform

Classical biologics off-the-shelf business model









Centralized
Production
Facility



Distributed Frozen Inventory



Point Of Care

UniverCyte-Derived Cell Therapy Products

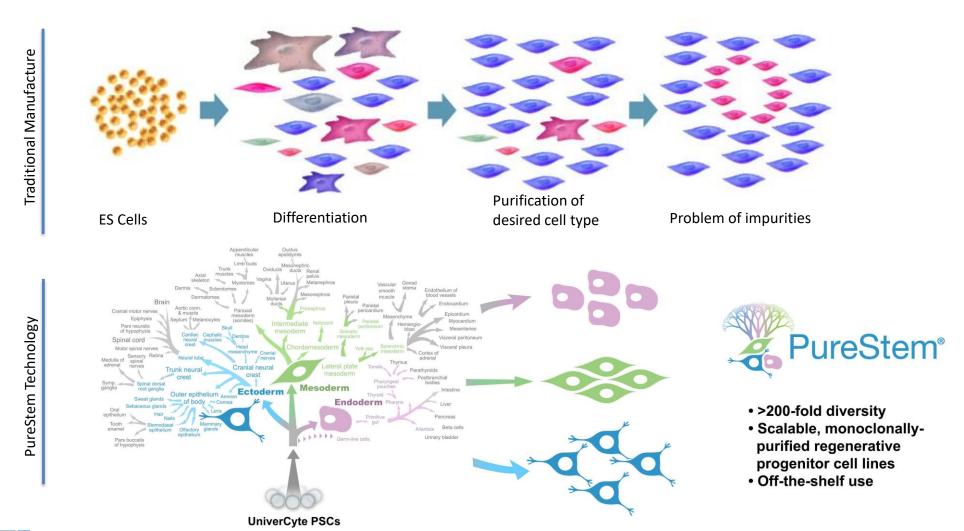








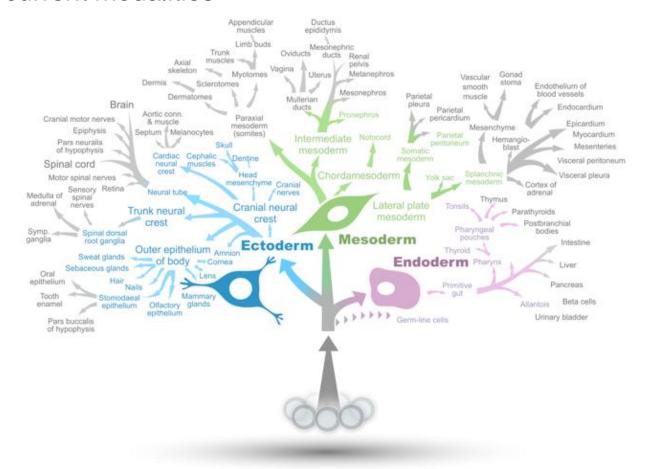
Universal *PureStemTM* Technology





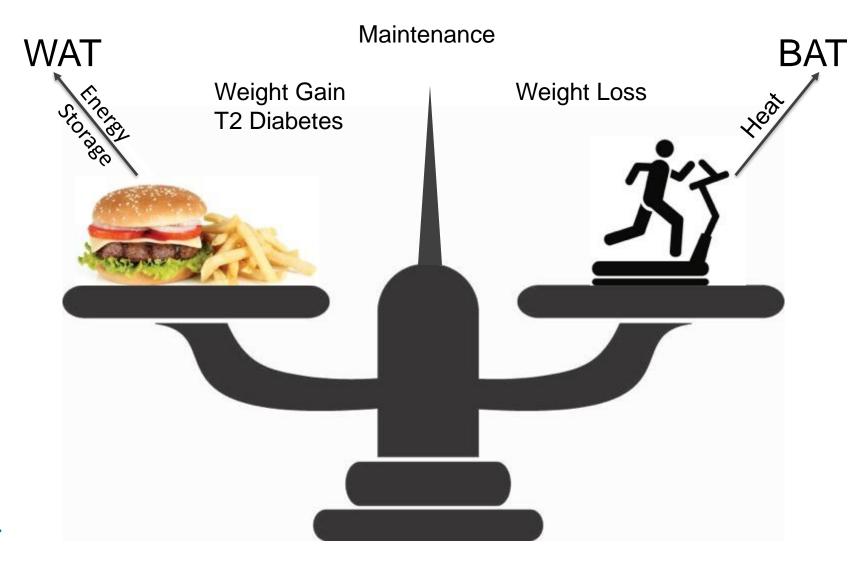
Identification of Low-Hanging Fruit

- Key applications in age-related degenerative disease
- Disease characterized by loss of cells
- Not addressable with current modalities



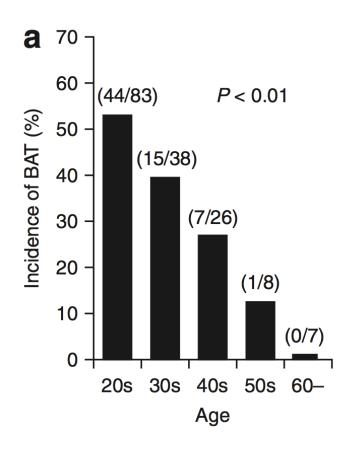


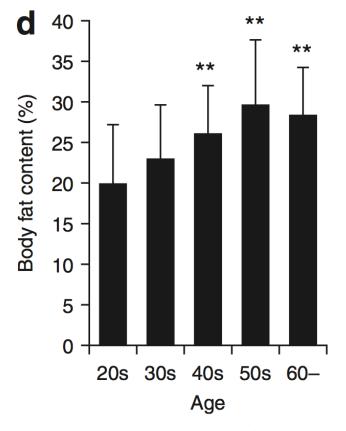
Brown Adipose Cells Regulate Metabolism





Brown Adipose Cells Regulate Metabolism



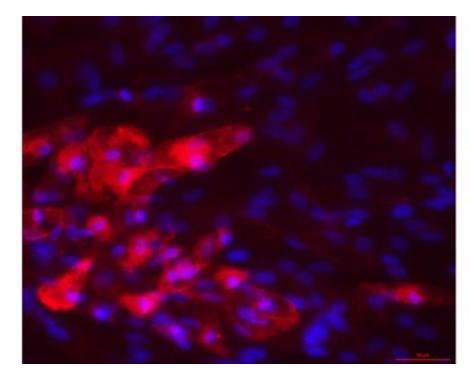


Obesity (2011) 19, 1755–1760. doi:10.1038/oby.2011.125

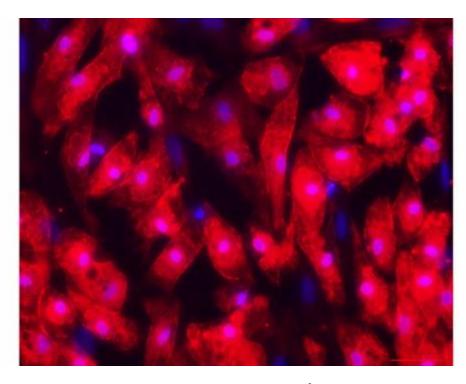


AgeX-BAT1 Properties

Stained for Brown Adipocyte Marker UCP1



Tissue-Sourced Brown Adipocytes



PureStem Brown Adipocytes



West et al. Stem Cell Research & Therapy (2019) 10:7

Obesity/T2D Market/Competition

- 30M Americans have diabetes¹ 1:3 Americans will have diabetes by 2050
- The global market for diabetes mellitus and obesity is set to rise from \$70.8 billion in 2015 to \$163.2 billion by 2022, at a strong compound annual growth rate of 12.7%, according to business intelligence firm GBI Research.
- Competing products commonly target insulin secretion, glucose excretion, incretins such as GLP-1, or attempt to activate existing BAT or cause browning of white fat.

1) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. National Diabetes Statistics Report: Estimates of Diabetes and Its Burden in the United States. US Department of Health and Human Services; Atlanta, GA: 2014.

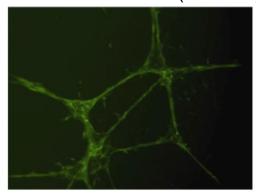


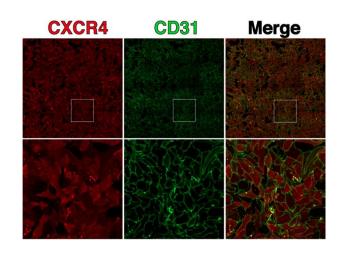
AgeX-VASC1 Purity

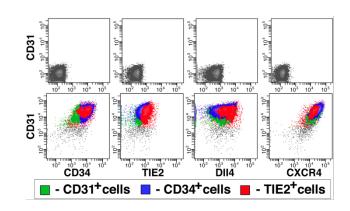
Monoclonal Endothelium

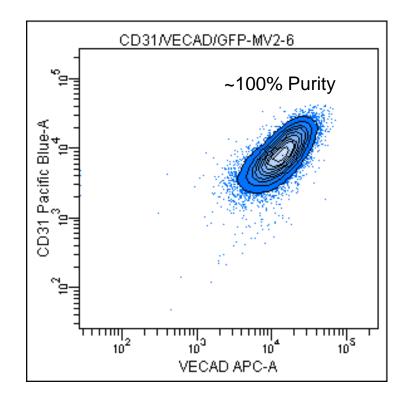


GFP Endothelium (168 hrs)











Cardiovascular Market

> \$Trillion Market Worldwide





	Current	2035	
Medical costs up 135 percent	\$318 billion	\$749 billion	
Indirect costs up 55 percent (Lost productivity)	\$237 billion	\$368 billion	
TOTAL COSTS	\$555 billion	\$1.1 trillion	

The Cost Generators: Aging Baby Boomers

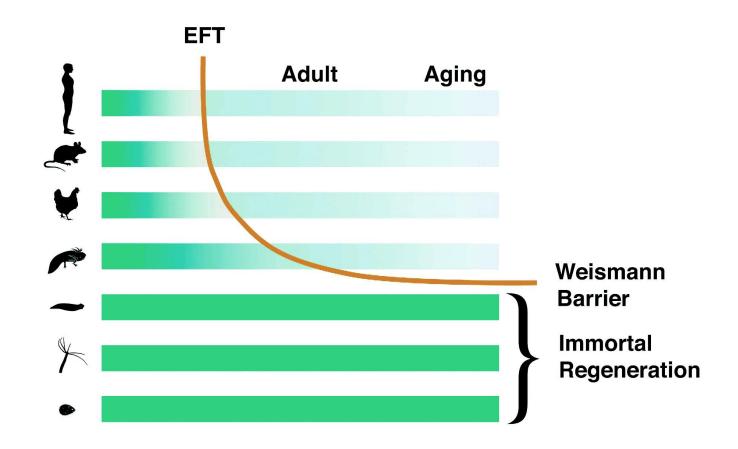
As Baby Boomers age, costs for CVD will shift from middleaged Americans to individuals ages 65 and over. By 2035, Boomers who are 80 and older will be the source of the largest cost increases for CVD.

http://www.heart.org/idc/groups/heart-public/@wcm/@adv/documents/downloadable/ucm 491543.pdf



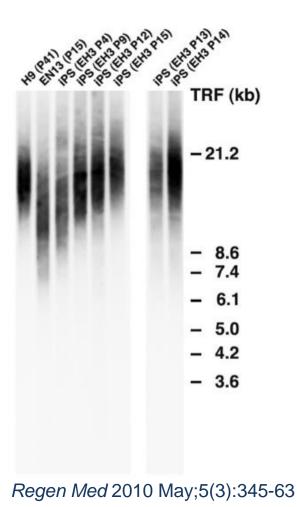
Induced Tissue Regeneration (iTR)

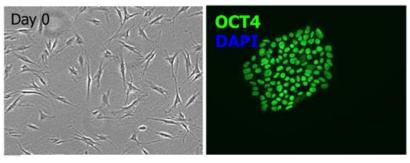
Innate regeneration in humans restricted to early development

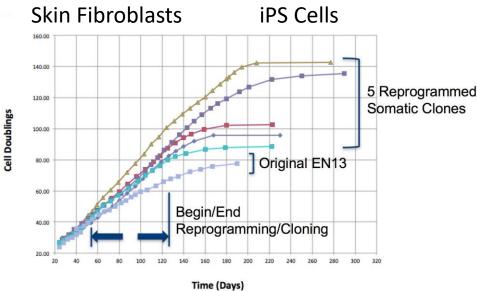




Reversing the Aging of Human Cells Back to Pluripotency

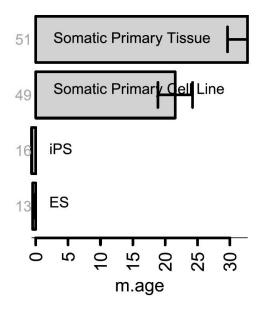






Reprogramming Methylation Age

A Data 77 p = 1e-14



Genome Biol. 2013;14(10):R115



Reversing the Aging of Human Cells Back to Regeneration

Repair > Breakdown

Repair = Breakdown

Breakdown > Repair

Development



Adult



Aging Adult



Highly Regenerative



Limited Regeneration



Non-Regenerative

Construction

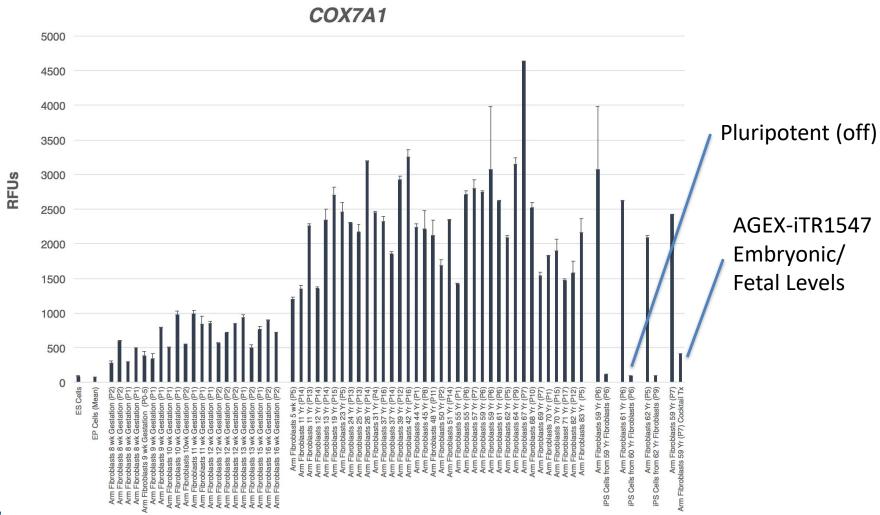
Maintenance

Destruction

iTR: induced Tissue Regeneration



An Example of an iTR Gene





Product Pipeline

	Pre-Clinical		Phase I	Phase II	Phase III/Pivotal
THERAPEUTICS					
AGEX-BAT1 (Brown Adipocytes)	T2D				
AGEX-VASC1 (Vascular Progenitors)	MI				
AGEX-iTR1547 (NCE in HyStem)	CHF				
Renelon [™] (Repurposed Drug) 510(k)	Scarless He	ealing	510(k) Clearance		
RESEARCH PRODUCTS					
Universal cGMP ES Cells, Cytiva		Marketed Research Products			
DATABASE PRODUCTS					
GeneCards/LM Discovery		Marketed NGS Interpretation			
CANCER DIAGNOSTICS & THERAPY					
Cancer Stem Cell EFT Dx & Tx		To be Partnered for Cancer Dx			



Summary

- Largest challenge is chronic degenerative diseases of aging
- Straightforward therapeutic strategy: Young cells for aged tissues
- Proprietary manufacturing technology yielding highly scalable, purified, identified, and regenerative cells for applications in age-related degenerative disease
- A proprietary path to off-the-shelf allogeneic application
- A proprietary injectable matrix
- iTR has potential to induce not only regeneration in aged tissues but also induce senolysis

